Español I—Capítulo 5 Apuntes Guiados— Las Comparaciones

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | better |
|  | worse |
|  | younger |
|  | older |

**Regla #1:** Some adjectives in Spanish are already in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ form. To compare things with these, simply use the correct form of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ because we are describing \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Then use \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and the adjective. The adjective must agree with the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

Ej. *Yo soy mayor que mi hermanita. =*

Ej. Las películas de horror son mejores que las películas románticas. =

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**Práctica:** Translate into Spanish.

1. The winter is better than the summer. 4. Y’all (informal) are younger than me.

2. Green beans are worse than carrots. 5. They are older than their siblings.

3. She is older than her sister. 6. The cake is better than the candies.

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|  | as + *adjective* + as |

**Regla #2**: Use \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to compare things that are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to one another. To say that things are not equal, use \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in front of the verb. The adjective must agree with the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

Ej. Somos tan inteligentes como ustedes. =

 Él no es tan alto como ella. =

**Práctica:** Translate to Spanish.

1. She is as tall as he. 4. The girls are as hardworking as Tomas.

2. They are as handsome as their father. 5. He is as lazy as lazy as his sister.

3. Marco is not as messy as Miguel. 6. She is not as crazy as her brother.

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| --- | --- |
|  | more + *adjective* + than |
|  | less + *adjective* + than |

**Regla #3**: To say that people or things are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of a certain quality (adjective) than another, use \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

To say that people or things are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of a certain quality than another, use \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

Again, use \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in front of the verb to negate the sentence.

Ej. Nosotros somos más inteligentes que ustedes. =

Ella no es más talentosa que ustedes. =

Ella es menos talentosa que ustedes. =

Él no es menos ordenado que ella. =

**Práctica:** Translate into Spanish.

1. Linda is more studious than her sisters. 4. You (formal) are not more artistic than her.

2. My grandma is friendlier than my grandpa. 5. My uncle is not shorter than your aunt.

3. Linda is less tall than her sisters. 6. You (sing, form) are not less artistic than me.

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| --- | --- |
|  | the \_\_\_\_est /the most \_\_\_ |
|  | the \_\_\_\_est /the least \_\_\_ |
|  | the youngest/the oldest |
|  | the best/the worst |

**Regla #4**: The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ form of adjectives is when you say that something or someone is \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of that quality. To express this in Spanish, use the formula: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ + \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Articles and adjectives must agree with the noun in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

Ej. Ella es la menos estudiosa en la clase. =

¡El pastel es el mejor! =

Las decoraciones no son las peores. =

**Práctica:** Translate into Spanish.

1. I am the youngest here. 4. Math class is the worst.

2. The girls are the most sociable. 5. History class is the most difficult.

3. We are the best! 6. My uncles are the oldest in the family.